

Countervailing Sectoral Distribution of Initiations: By Reporting Member 01/01/1995 - 31/12/2016

Reporting Member	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	XIII	XIV	XV	XVI	XVII	XVIII	XIX	XX	XXI	...	Total
Argentina		1	1	1																			3
Australia			3	3	1	1				3					15		1				1		28
Botswana ¹						1*	2*				1*	1*			5*	3*							*
Brazil							5				4				2								11
Canada		2		3		2			1						44	2							54
Chile	5	1																					6
China	1	1		2		2									1		1						8
Costa Rica			1																				1
Egypt	1			4			5								2								12
European Union	3				4	6	16			1	13		4		22	7	1						77
India						1									1	1							3
Israel				2																			2
Japan																1							1
Kazakhstan															1*								*
Latvia	1																						1
Lesotho ¹						1*	2*				1*	1*			5*	3*							*
Mexico			1	1		4																	6
Namibia ¹						1*	2*				1*	1*			5*	3*							*
New Zealand	1			5											1								7
Pakistan										2	1												3
Peru		1	2			2					2						1						8
Russian Federation ⁵															1								1
South Africa ⁶						1	2				1	1			5	3							13
Swaziland ¹						1*	2*				1*	1*			5*	3*							*
Turkey							1								1								2
Ukraine																	1						1
United States	4	3		11	4	19	16		6	11	2		1		103	12	2				1		195
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of				2																			2
Total	16	9	8	34	9	38	45		7	17	23	1	5		198	26	7				2		445

Note: All Members submitting semi-annual reports of countervailing actions are listed individually. Where listed Members take action on a customs-union-wide basis, the figures on numbers of actions are shown for the WTO Member in which the investigating authority is physically located. To avoid multiple-counting, the numbers for the other reporting customs union members are reported with asterisks. See footnotes for details.

¹Botswana, Namibia, Lesotho, Swaziland

To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks, as the countervailing actions that it notified are the same as those identified in respect of South Africa and operate at the level of the Southern African Customs Union.

²European Union

All countervailing actions notified by the European Union operate EU-wide, i.e., in respect of all EU member States, which do not notify individually.

³Kazakhstan

To avoid multiple-counting, the row for this Member reports numbers with asterisks, as the countervailing actions that it notified are the same as those identified in respect of the Russian Federation and operated at the level of the Customs Union of the Eurasian Economic Community for 2011-2014, and at the level of Eurasian Economic Union from 2015 onwards.

⁴Latvia

Latvia became an EU member States on 1 May 2004. As of this date, previously taken national actions ceased to apply, and were replaced by EU-wide actions. Because EU notifies actions on behalf of all of its member States, the numbers for the EU are not additionally reported in this row.

⁵Russian Federation

All countervailing actions identified in respect of the Russian Federation (which became a WTO Member on 22 August 2012) for 2011-2014 operated at the level of the Customs Union of the Eurasian Economic Community, i.e., also in respect of Belarus and Kazakhstan (then non-WTO Members). All actions identified in respect of the Russian Federation for 2015 and thereafter operate at the level of the Eurasian Economic Union, i.e., also in respect of Armenia, Kyrgyz Republic, Kazakhstan (which became a WTO Member on 30 November 2015), and Belarus (non-WTO Member).

⁶South Africa

All countervailing actions notified by South Africa operate at the level of the Southern African Customs Union, i.e., also in respect of Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, and Swaziland.